

#### APRIL 2024

Plan of Management prepared for Murrumbidgee Council

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# **Table of Contents**

EXECU.	TIVE SUMMARY	4
PAR	T 1: INTRODUCTION AND GENERAL INFORMATION	4
1	. KEY INFORMATION	5
2	. ABOUT PLANS OF MANAGEMENT	5
	2.1 Why is Murrumbidgee Council preparing a Plan of Management?	6
	2.2 Corporate objectives of Murrumbidgee Council	7
	2.3 Land to which this plan applies	7
	2.4 Owner of the land	8
	2.5 Categorisation of the reserves	8
3	. Relevant legislation, policies and procedures	9
	3.1 Local Government Act 1993	9
	3.2 Crown Land Management Act 2016	11
	3.3 Other relevant legislation and statutory controls	12
	3.4 Review of this plan	15
	3.5 Community consultation	15
4	. Land comprising the habitat of endangered species or threatened species	16
5	. Land containing significant natural features	16
6	. Culturally significant land	16
PART 2	: DETAILED INFORMATION REGARDING CATEGORIES OF LAND	17
7.	. Vision for The Jerilderie Sports Centre	17
8	. Management directions	17
	8.1 Statutory guidelines for development of the sportsgrounds	18
	8.2 Use of the land and structures at the date of adoption of the plan	21
	8.3 Condition of the land and structures on adoption of the plan	22
	8.3 Permitted use and future use	23
	8.4 Leases, licences and other estates	25
9	. Administration of Plan and Performance Targets	28
APPEN	DICIES	35
APPEN	DIX A - Definitions	35
APPFN	DIX B - Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System Search Extracts	38

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Murrumbidgee Council has a broad and diverse network of open space that covers a differing levels of recreation use. The Jerilderie Sports Centre is the main indoor sports facility within the local government area providing for indoor sporting activities. The site also encompasses the outdoor aquatic centre. The Plan of Management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre (the plan) aims to provide a basis for guiding Council's ongoing management of its this facility within the Murrumbidgee Local Government Area in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Local Government Act 1993 (the Act) and the Crown.

The intention of this plan of management is to provide Council with a framework that enables decisions in regard to community land, to be made on an informed, consistent and equitable basis. The plan of management satisfies the requirements of the Local Government Act 1993 as amended by the Local Government Amendment (Community Land Management) Act 1998.

The current use patterns; condition of the existing built and natural assets; emerging needs, constraints and opportunities, have been considered in this plan of management. The plan of management identifies appropriate objectives and actions, as well as measures that enable the successful implementation of key outcomes provided by the plan and a means for the effective ongoing management of the reserves to meet the needs of the three towns.

The plan of management has been prepared with due regard to Developing Plans of Management for Community Land Crown Reserves—Guideline for Council Crown Land Managers issued in September 2021 and the sample for a generic Crown reserve plan of management outline, in order achieve a balanced, responsible and ecologically sustainable use of the land and to ensure that it addresses the needs of the local neighbourhood, the broader community, and the environment. It has been prepared to meet the requirements of the Local Government Act, 1993 (LG Act), as amended by the Local Government Amendment (Community Land Management) Act 1998.

The plan aims to serve as a key management tool that is strongly related to other strategic plans of Council such as Council's Management Plan, as well as research obtained in preparation for Council's Recreation and Open Space Maintenance Strategies.

#### PART 1: INTRODUCTION AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1. KEY INFORMATION

This Plan of Management Plan covers lots 192 & 202 DP 756426 and Lot 7036 DP 1087007 being Crown Land Reserve No. 88451 and known as the Jerilderie Sports Centre.





Murrumbidgee Council is the Crown Land Manager pursuant to the relevant provisions of the Crown Land Management Act 2016 and has the responsibility for the ongoing management and care of the reserve listed above.

The Plan of Management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre (JSCPoM) was adopted on **23 July 2024**. Terms that are italicised throughout the document are terms defined by legislation. Where relevant these definitions are included in Appendix A.

## 2. ABOUT PLANS OF MANAGEMENT

A plan of management provides information about public land and its user groups stating what, why, how and by whom the integrity of any particular parcel of community land is to be managed. It establishes the values, uses, management practices and broad intent for the public purpose for which the land has been reserved or dedicated.

All plans of management are prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Crown Land Management Act 2016 for Ministerial approval. A plan of management provides a framework for the future management, use and development of reserved Crown land and should be consistent with the gazetted purpose for the reserve and the principles of Crown land management, as well as other guidelines, policies, and any other legal requirements that may apply to the reserve.

A plan of management can be prepared for more than one parcel of land (generic or geographic) or for a single parcel (significant or specific). The JSCPOM is a specific plan of management.

The Crown land covered under this plan of management is a valuable community resource and the key objective of the JSCPOM is to provide a clear direction that will enable ongoing use of the Jerilderie Sports Centre for both organized sporting activities and casual use of the facilities while allowing for further opportunities for the development of appropriate uses of the land.

## 2.1 Why is Murrumbidgee Council preparing a Plan of Management?

Murrumbidgee Council was established on 12 May 2016 following the merger of Murrumbidgee Shire Council and Jerilderie Shire Council and under the provisions of the Crown Land Management Act, 2016 has been identified as a Crown Land Manager. Under the provisions of the aforementioned Act, the responsibilities that fall upon a Crown Land Manager is to ensure that land resources are to be shared equitably in accordance with the principles of environmental protection, conservation and ecological sustainability, public use and enjoyment as well as encouraging multiple use of the land. As Crown Land Manager, Murrumbidgee Council is required to prepare a plan of management for over 30 parcels of Crown land it is responsible for.

A plan of management can fulfil many purposes and a Crown Land Manager may, for example, use a plan of management to:

 Provide a single document that collates information held by Council to enable a single point of reference;

- Expand upon the Council's corporate objectives and direction set out in its Community Strategic Plan;
- Provide an outline the day-to-day use and management of community land;
- Ensure that the environment is properly managed in accordance with the principles of sustainable development;
- Incorporate a masterplan that provides directions for future development, including landscaping and the provision of infrastructure;
- Identify risks associated with the use of the land and incorporate mitigation measures including emergency response actions;
- Explain how the provisions of a local environmental plan or development control plan are to be applied to the particular reserve and if required provide additional guidelines;

It is not intended that the JSCPoM will cover all of the items listed above.

## 2.2 Corporate objectives of Murrumbidgee Council

The management actions in this Plan of Management are have been formulated so that they align with Murrumbidgee Council's Community Strategic Plan (CSP) that was adopted in 2019, which has been adopted on two guiding tenants, one being the principle of social justice and the other being sustainability. The social justice principles underpinned the Murrumbidgee Council CSP are:

Equity – there should be fairness in decision making, prioritizing and allocation of resources, particularly for those in need. Everyone should have a fair opportunity to participate in the future of the community. The planning process should take particular care to involve and protect the interests of people in vulnerable circumstances.

Access – all people should have fair access to services, resources and opportunities to improve their quality of life.

Participation – everyone should have the maximum opportunity to genuinely participate in decisions which affect their lives

Rights – equal rights should be established and promoted, with opportunities provided for people from diverse linguistic, cultural and religious backgrounds to participate in community life.

## 2.3 Land to which this plan applies

This Plan of Management Plan includes one of the many open space areas which Murrumbidgee Council manages which has been categorised as a sportsground. The purpose of developing a specific plan of management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre is to acknowledge the significance of the site in terms of a sporting facility and a public venue for the local community and the wider area. Land covered by the plan of management is listed in Table 1:

Table 1: Land covered by this plan of management

Land Real property description	Land owner
R88451 Lots 192 & 202 DP 756426, a Jerilderie Sports Centre Lot 7036 DP 1087007	and Crown land managed by Murrumbidgee Council.

#### 2.4 Owner of the land

For the purpose of Section 37 of the Local Government Act, 1993 column three of Table 1 identifies land that is owned by the Crown and that Murrumbidgee Council has been appointed as Crown Land Manager under the provisions of Division 3.2 of the Crown Land Management Act, 2016. It also identifies land which is owned by Murrumbidgee Council and managed as community land for the purpose of the LG Act, 1993.

The land identified is not subject to any trust, estate, interest, dedication, condition, restriction or covenant referred to in clause 37(b) of the Local Government Act, 1993. Further there is no condition or restriction imposed by the owner in respect to the use of management of the land as referenced in clause 37(c) of the Act.

#### 2.5 Categorisation of the reserves

The land covered by this generic plan of management is public land and for the purpose of clause 26 of the Local Government Act, 1993 is classified as community land. Table 2 identifies the purpose of the reserve and the categorization of the land as confirmed by the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment – Crown Lands.

Table 2: Reserve purpose, gazettal date and categorisation

Land	Purpose(s) & gazettal date	Categorisation
R88451 Jerilderie Sports Centre	Public recreation	Sportsground
	31 December 1971	

## 3. Relevant legislation, policies and procedures

The statutory framework for the preparation and operation of the Plan of Management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre (JSCPOM) is primarily guided by:

- Local Government Act, 1993
- Crown Land Management Act, 2016
- Crown Land Management Regulation, 2018
- Native Title Act, 1993 (Commonwealth)
- Aboriginal Land Rights Act, 1983

Other legislation, regulations and environmental planning instruments that may be of relevance to the Plan of Management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre include:

- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979;
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2021;
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity & Conservation) 2021;
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport & Infrastructure) 2021;
- Jerilderie Local Environmental Plan, 2012;
- Companion Animals Act, 1998;
- Disability Discrimination Act, 1992.

#### 3.1 Local Government Act 1993

Section 3.23(6) of the Crown Land Management Act, 2016 requires Murrumbidgee Council to adopt a Plan of Management for any Crown reserve for which it is the appointed Crown Land Manager, and that is classified as community land under the Local Government Act 1993 (LG Act).

These PoMs must be prepared and adopted in accordance with the provisions of Division 2 of Part 2 of Chapter 6 of the LG Act. The core objectives for the management of community land categorized as a

sportsgrounds are set out in sections 36F of the Local Government Act, 1993 and clauses 103 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 respectively.

The core objectives for sportsgrounds use are explained in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Guidelines and core objectives of sportsground

Land	Guidelines1	Core Objectives2
Sportsground	Land should be categorised as	The core objectives for management of
	'Sportsground' if the land is used or	community land categorised as a
	proposed to be used primarily for	sportsground are:
	active recreation involving organised	
	sports or the playing of outdoor	to encourage, promote and facilitate
	games.	recreational pursuits in the community
		involving active recreation involving
		organised sports and informal sporting
		activities and games.
		to ensure that such activities are
		managed having regard to any adverse
		impact on nearby residences.

While the Local Government Act 1993 (LG Act) contains many provisions that have an impact on the management of the reserve there is one aspect of particular importance: the approval requirements certain activities specified in the Table from Section 68 of the Act, in particular those listed under Part D Community land.

Section 68 of the Act requires a person, wanting to carry out and activity specified in the Table D, to obtain approval from Council to undertake in any of the following activities:

- 1) Engage in a trade or business
- 2) Direct or procure a theatrical, musical or other entertainment for the public
- 3) Construct a temporary enclosure for the purpose of entertainment
- 4) For fee or reward, play a musical instrument or sing

10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NSW Local Government (General) Regulation 2021, Part 4 Division 1, Guidelines for the categorisation of community land.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NSW Local Government Act 1993, Part 2 Division 2, Use and management of community land.

- 5) Set up, operate or use a loudspeaker or sound amplifying device
- 6) Deliver a public address or hold a religious service or public meeting

The Crown Land Management Act 2016 specifies that approvals of activities under the Local Government Act 1993 must comply with plans of management and that a local council cannot grant an approval for an activity on dedicated or reserved Crown land under Part 1 of Chapter 7 (including Section 68) of the Local Government Act 1993 that contravenes a plan of management for the land.

There is nothing in the JSCPOM that would prevent it from grant an approval to any of the activities listed in Table D.

### 3.2 Crown Land Management Act 2016

Section 3.23(6) of the Crown Land Management Act, 2016 (CLM Act) requires Murrumbidgee Council to adopt a Plan of Management for any Crown reserve for which it is the appointed Crown Land Manager and that is classified as community land under the Local Government Act 1993 (LG Act).

The objects and principles of Crown Land Management are listed in Sections 1.3 and 1.4 of the CLM Act 2016 provide a legislative starting point for preparation of a plan of management. The principles of Crown Land Management are:

- a) that environmental protection principles be observed in relation to the management and administration of Crown land, and
- b) that the natural resources of Crown land (including water, soil, flora, fauna and scenic quality) be conserved wherever possible, and
- c) that public use and enjoyment of appropriate Crown land be encouraged, and
- d) that, where appropriate, multiple use of Crown land be encouraged, and
- e) that, where appropriate, Crown land should be used and managed in such a way that both the land and its resources are sustained in perpetuity, and
- f) that Crown land be occupied, used, sold, leased, licensed or otherwise dealt within the best interests of the State consistent with the above principles.

Crown Land Managers have a statutory responsibility for the care, control and management of the Crown Land for the purposes for which the land is reserved or dedicated or other purposes as authorised by the Act. In this instance the statutory responsibilities assigned to Murrumbidgee Council, as Crown Land Manager, are drawn from Division 3.4 of CLM Act. In this regard Murrumbidgee Council is authorised to:

- Classify and manage its dedicated or reserved Crown land as if it were public land within the meaning of the Local Government Act 1993, subject to this Division (see section 3.21(1).
- To manage its dedicated or reserved Crown land as if it were community land or operational land, but only as permitted or required by this Division including those functions ascribed to it pursuant to section 3.22 of the CLM Act.
- Assign an initial category or categories to the Crown Land in accordance with sections 3.23(2) & (3) of the CLM Act that Council considers to most closely relate to the purpose for which the land is dedicated or reserved.
- Prepare the first plan of management applicable to the land, either by amending an existing plan of management that applies to the land or adopt a new plan of management in accordance with sections 3.23 (6) & (7) of the CLM Act

On 25 February 2020 Murrumbidgee Council resolved to provide written notice to the Minister of the initial categorisation of the Crown Land pursuant to section 3.23(4) Murrumbidgee Council. The copy of the initial categorisation of Crown and other land managed by Murrumbidgee Council was sent to the Department of Planning, Industry & Environment (Crown Lands) on 4 March 2020.

This JSCPOM, is based on the initial for categorisation of the reserves which was approved by Minister on 25 May 2020 and as such Murrumbidgee is not required to hold a public hearing as required under Section 40A of the LG Act, however was subject to public notification as prescribed by Section 38 of the same Act.

## 3.3 Other relevant legislation and statutory controls

The following is an overview of any other relevant legislation and statutory controls including the provision of relevant factors listed in an environmental planning instrument, including the provisions of the Native Title Act, 1993 (Commonwealth), Aboriginal Land Rights Act, 1983, Jerilderie Local Environmental Plan 2012 and in other council plans, strategies, policies and procedures.

#### 3.3.1 Native Title Act, 1993

All activities on the land must address the issue of native title. Whilst a successful claim for native title will lead to official recognition of native title rights, native title rights are considered to pre-date such recognition. Native title can therefore be relevant to activities carried out on the land even if no native title claim has been made or registered.

The native title process must be considered for each activity on the land and a native title assessment must be undertaken. Almost all activities and public works carried out on the land will affect native title and require validation of the future act procedures in Division 3 of the Native Title Act, 1993 by Council's Native Title Manager.

#### 3.3.2 Aboriginal Land Rights Act, 1983

In New South Wales, Aboriginal Land Rights sits alongside native title and allows Aboriginal Land Councils to claim certain Crown Land. Generally the Aboriginal Land Rights Act, 1983 is directed at allowing local Aboriginal Land Council's to claim Crown land that is unlawfully used or occupied. If a claim is successful, the freehold estate of the land is transferred to the Land Council.

Council should be mindful that any activity on Crown land is lawful in relation to the reserve purpose of the land, Council should ensure that Crown land under its control is at all times lawfully used and occupied.

When planning an activity of the land such as the issue of a lease or licence or any public works, Council should request a search to determine whether an Aboriginal Land Rights claim has been made in relation to the land. If a claim is registered the activity must be postponed until the claim is resolved.

Strategies which allow Council to validly carry out a project or activity under the Native Title Act may not deal with project risks arising in relation to the Aboriginal Land Rights Act, 1983.

#### 3.3.3 Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979

The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 (EP&A Act) provides the fundamental framework for which planning and development in NSW takes place, with Part 3 of the Act providing the mechanism for how environmental planning instruments are made; Part 4 relating to development assessment and consent; and Part 5 address infrastructure and environmental assessment.

#### 3.3.3.1 State environmental planning policies

A state environmental planning policy is an environmental planning instrument made under Part 3 of the EP&A Act that guides development and land use within NSW. There a presently 38 State environmental planning policies in force, not all of which apply to the local government area of Murrumbidgee Council. Those applying to Murrumbidgee Council are and of relevance to the plan of management are as follows:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity & Conservation) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport & Infrastructure) 2021

#### 3.3.3.2 Local environmental plans

Murrumbidgee Council administers two (2) local environmental plans being the Jerilderie Local Environmental Plan 2012 (JLEP) and the Murrumbidgee Local Environmental Plan 2013 (MLEP). Both of these environmental planning instruments were made under Part 3 of the EP&A Act that guide development and land use within the Murrumbidgee Council local government area.

Table 4: Zoning of reserve

Land	Local environmental plan	Zoning of land	
R88451 Jerilderie Sports Centre	Jerilderie Local Environmental Plan 2012	RE1 Public Recreation	

#### 3.3.3.3 Development Control Plan

A development control plan provides detailed planning and design guidelines to support the planning controls in a local environmental plan. Development control plans are prepared in accordance with Section 3.43 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

Murrumbidgee Council has two (2) development control plans in force, with the Jerilderie Development Control Plan 2012 (DCP) being relevant to the land. This document is published on the NSW Planning Portal and on Council's website.

### 3.4 Review of this plan

This Plan of Management has been prepared pursuant to the provisions of the Crown Land Management Act 2016 to provide an appropriate statutory basis for the continuing improvement and function of the Jerilderie Sports Centre.

This Plan provides a medium-term strategy for the management and improvement of the reserve. It is anticipated most of the works described will be implemented over a five to ten-year period. Priorities for works and funding are to be addressed on an annual basis to meet development priorities and community needs.

This Plan is to be reviewed approximately every five years or as required to ensure it continues to be relevant to and consistent with government legislation and policy and community expectation.

## 3.5 Community consultation

Murrumbidgee Council acknowledges that community participation is essential and how Council engages the community in terms of its legislative requirements and has adopted a Community Participation Plan (CPP) and a Communication Strategy. Both documents have been designed to provide the community an understanding of how to participate in planning and other matters, including the management of community land.

The level and extent of community participation will vary depending on the community, the nature of the proposal under consideration and potential impacts of the decision. As a minimum, the CPP and Communication Strategy demand that its statutory obligations are properly met. In this respect Section 38 of the LG Act requires:

- 1) Council must give public notice of a draft plan of management.
- 2) The period of public exhibition of the draft plan must be not less than 28 days.
- 3) The public notice must also specify a period of not less than 42 days after the date on which the draft plan is placed on public exhibition during which submissions may be made to Council.
- 4) Council must, in accordance with its notice, publicly exhibit the draft plan together with any other matter which it considers appropriate or necessary to better enable the draft plan and its implications to be understood.

In accordance with section 39 of the LG Act Council must, before giving public notice of the draft plan of management forward a copy of the draft to the Crown, as Council is not the owner of the land.

With regard to the provisions of sections 38 and 39 of the LG Act, Council resolved on 28 May 2024 to adopt the draft plan of management and to place the draft PoM on public exhibition for 28 days. The

exhibition date commenced on 31 May 2024 and ended on 28 June 2024. The public noticed advised that submissions would be received up until 12 July 2024 which is 42 days after the commencement of the public exhibition period.

The exhibition included advertisement in local newspapers, on Council's website and documents being made available at its administration buildings in Coleambally, Darlington Point and Jerilderie.

Council resolved on 23 July 2024 to adopt the Plan of Management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre.

#### 4. Land comprising the habitat of endangered species or threatened species

The provisions of sections 36A and 36B of the Local Government Act, 1993 do not apply to the land listed in Table 2 for the following reasons:

- that no part of the reserve has been declared to be an area critical habitat under the Threatened Species Conservation Act, 1995, and
- that no part of the reserve has been declared to be an area of critical habitat under Part 7A of the Fisheries Management Act, 1994, and
- the reserve is not affected by a recovery plan for the purpose of Part 4 of the Threatened Species Conservation Act, 1995 or Division 5 of Part 7A of the Fisheries Management Act, 1994, and
- the reserve is not affected by a threat abatement plan for the purpose of Part 5 of the Threatened Species Conservation Act, 1995 or Division 5 of Part 7A of the Fisheries Management Act, 1994.

## 5. Land containing significant natural features

The provisions of section 36C of the Local Government Act, 1993 does not apply to any of the reserve listed in Table 2 as the land is not subject to a resolution of Murrumbidgee Council that declared the land, being a site of:

- a known natural, geological, geomorphological, scenic or other feature that is considered by the council to warrant protection or special management considerations, or
- a wildlife corridor

# 6. Culturally significant land

In 2010 the Office of Environment and Heritage (formerly the Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water) published the Due Diligence Code of Practice for the Protection of Aboriginal Objects in New South Wales. This code of practice is aimed at assisting individuals and organisations to exercise due diligence when carrying out activities that may harm Aboriginal objects. As part of its due diligence in preparation of this Plan of Management, a basic search of the NSW Environment & Heritage Aboriginal Heritage Management Information System (AHIMS) for each of lots within the reserves on 7 May 2021 (see Appendix D) was undertaken. No Aboriginal sites are recorded in or near<sup>3</sup> the above location; and no Aboriginal places have been declared in or near the above location.

#### PART 2: DETAILED INFORMATION REGARDING CATEGORIES OF LAND

This Plan of Management applies to Crown Land reserve listed in Table 1 and is owned by the state of New South Wales and Murrumbidgee Council has been appointed the Crown Land Manager. Part 2 provides detailed information regarding the management of the Jerilderie Sports Centre, Murrumbidgee Council's vision for the reserve, existing site conditions and current use of the land, identification of appropriate development within the reserves and directions of how the land will be managed for and on behalf of the community.

## 7. Vision for The Jerilderie Sports Centre

The vision for the use of these is best described as:

"Providing a indoor sporting complex and swimming pool that provides facilities that meet the needs of the local community"

The vision set out in the plan of management aligns with Murrumbidgee Council's Statement of Vision & Priorities – Three Towns One Community that seeks to promote "community built by an innovative mindset delivering appropriate and reliable services".

# 8. Management directions

17

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The search parameter applied was within 50m of each of the lots.

Murrumbidgee Council acknowledges the sportsgrounds covered by this plan of management provides the local communities with both opportunities for passive and active recreational use of the land. While the current uses of the land meet the basic needs, opportunities exist to provide further benefit to the community through a co-ordinated approach to future development, including obtaining grants for new or upgrade facilities.

This section aims to provide an overview of Murrumbidgee Council's broad development and management strategies for the Jerilderie Sports Centre. It will identify the existing condition of the land and structures on the adoption of the plan, identify existing uses of the land as well as additional matters dealing with the day-to-day management and maintenance of the reserve.

In order to realise the potential of the land and provide a greater benefit for the local community the following directions for the management of the reserve are proposed:

- Use of the Jerilderie Sports Centre as a recreation area particularly one that incorporates indoor sports and activities, and swimming facilities for the local community and broader region.
- To allow future development of the reserve for additional recreation facilities such as outdoor playing fields and associated car parking.
- To provide a safe and pleasant venue for all, by enable activities identified in Table D under Section 68 of the LG Act.
- To maintain and enhance the visual aesthetics of the reserve through proper maintenance of buildings, court surfaces, swimming pool and ancillary structures, amenities and car park.

## 8.1 Statutory guidelines for development of the sportsgrounds

The provisions of section 36(3A)(b) of the Local Government Act that apply to site specific plan of management have been considered, and are as follows:

- (i) specify the purposes for which the land, and any such buildings or improvements, will be permitted to be used
- (ii) specify the purposes for which any further development of the land will be permitted, whether under lease or license or otherwise
- (iii) describe the scale and intensity of any such permitted use or development.

The current use of the reserves would fall within the broad definition as a recreation area, as defined in the standard instrument and uses that incorporates a sporting facility is consistent with the categorisation of the land as a *sportsground* and the definition of a *recreation facility (indoor) and recreation facility (outdoor).* 

The provisions of State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport & Infrastructure) 2021 (SEPP) identifies certain development that is exempt or may be carried out without consent. All other development is legislated in the relevant local environmental planning instrument as being permissible without consent, permitted with consent or otherwise is prohibited. With regard to clause 2.73(1)(c)(ii) of the SEPP, development for any purpose may be carried out without consent on Crown managed land by or on behalf of the Crown land manager of the land if the development is for the purposes of implementing a plan of management adopted under the Local Government Act 1993 in relation to Crown managed land managed by a Council. Irrespective of the categorisation of the land, the provisions of clause 2.73(3)(a) and 2.74(1) allows certain development that may be carried out by or on behalf of a council without consent on a public reserve under the control of or vested in the council.

Table 6 identifies the zoning of the land under JLEP 2012. The zone provides for a range of permissible land uses, however not all are consistent with the categorization of the land. Table 6 below identifies the uses that are exempt development, permitted with or without the consent in an environmental planning instrument and Council's plan of management of the Jerilderie Sports Centre in terms of what it will permit.

Table 6 - Preferred uses of the reserve

Land Use	Provisions of an environmental planning instrument	Allowed under JSCPoM	Reason
Building identification signs	Permitted with consent.	Allowed if in conjunction with another use permitted in this plan of management	sign that is ancillary to

Environmental	Permitted with	Allowed.	Environmental
protection works	without consent.		protection works would
			be consistent with the
			purpose of the reserve
			and the categorization of
			the land.
Recreation areas	Permitted with consent.	Allowed.	The use of the reserve
			as a recreation area is
			consistent with the
			purpose of the reserve
			and the categorization of
			the land.
Recreation facilities	Permitted with consent.	Allowed.	The use of the reserve
(indoor)			as a recreation area
			(indoor) is consistent
			with the purpose of the
			reserve and the
			categorization of the
			land.
Recreation facilities	Permitted with consent.	Allowed.	The use of the reserve
(major)			as a recreation area
			(major) is consistent with
			the purpose of the
			reserve and the
			categorization of the
			land.
Recreation facilities	Permitted with consent.	Allowed.	The use of the reserve
(outdoor)			as a recreation area
			(outdoor) is consistent
			with the purpose of the
			reserve and the
			categorization of the
			land.

SEPP Infrastructure	Exempt development or	Allowed, subject to	Works identified in
	permitted without	satisfying the requirements	clauses 2.73 & 2.74 of
	consent.	of clause 2.73 & 2.74 of	the SEPP would be
		SEPP (Transport &	consistent with the
		Infrastructure) 2021.	purpose of the reserve
			and the categorization of
			the land.
Tree removal	Subject to the provisions	Allowed.	Consistent with the
	of		categorization of the
	State Environmental		land as a sportsground.
	Planning Policy		
	(Biodiversity &		
	Conservation) 2017		
Water reticulation	Permitted with	Allowed.	Water reticulation
systems	without consent.		systems are consistent
			with the categorisation of
			the reserve.

# 8.2 Use of the land and structures at the date of adoption of the plan

In accordance with section 36(3A)(a) of the LG Act include a brief outline of the current usage is reserve, including any details of current leases/licenses or other arrangements for the use of the land.

Table 7 identifies the current use of the land and existing structures that have been erected within the reserve.

Table 7: Existing use of reserves and structures

Land	Current use	Existing structures
R9984 Jerilderie Sports Centre	Recreation facility (indoor and outdoor)	<ul> <li>Security fencing at perimeter of the site (swimming pool)</li> <li>Sports stadium</li> <li>Formal carpark</li> <li>Signage including wayfinding signs 25 metre swimming pool</li> <li>Amenities building, kiosks &amp; storage sheds</li> <li>Seating, picnic tables and shade structures</li> <li>Playground equipment</li> <li>Stables (heritage listed)</li> </ul>

The buildings and the associated equipment are consistent with development that falls under the definition of a recreation area, the categorisation of the reserve as a sportsground. The Jerilderie Sports Centre is being used for its gazette purpose for public recreation and the approved categorization as sportsground.

## 8.3 Condition of the land and structures on adoption of the plan

The provisions of Section 36(3A)(a) of the LG Act requires a plan of management to include a description of the condition of the land and structures on adoption of the plan. At the date of adoption of the Plan of Management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre, the main building although dated is in good condition as is the main carpark. The swimming pool has recently undergone major upgrades with all facilities in excellent condition.

Figure 2 – Main building and carpark4



Figure 3 – Carpark



Figure 4 – Splash pool5



Figure 5 25m lap pool



## 8.3 Permitted use and future use

Section 36(3A)(b) of the Local Government Act requires that any site-specific plan of management must:

- (i) specify the purposes for which the land, and any such buildings or improvements, will be permitted to be used
- (ii) specify the purposes for which any further development of the land will be permitted, whether under lease or license or otherwise

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Images in Figures 2 too 3 taken on 19 December 2019 © Steven Parisotto Photography

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Images in Figures 4 to 5 sourced from Jerilderie Swimming Pool Facebook page

(iii) describe the scale and intensity of any such permitted use or development.

The Jerilderie Sports Centre will continue to be used as a *sportsground*.

While the future improvements may involve permanent structures being erected, there is no perceived harm as ultimately can be reversed. The extent of these work would generally fall within the category of exempt development as set out in State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport & Infrastructure) 2021 and as such would not involve irreversible harm to the land.

The Jerilderie Sports Centre is not prone to natural hazards such as tidal inundation, subsidence, slip, mass movement, flooding or bushfires. The land however has been mapped for its terrestrial biodiversity and its northern perimeter is identified as being a wetland and adjoins a watercourse. Any future work within the reserve will have to address these matters, with any expansion of the facilities including the removal of vegetation addressing the relevant legislative provisions under Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979.

Table 8 – Permissible uses and activities for land categorized as a sportsground

#### Sportsground Purpose or use as... **Development to facilitate** The following uses are permitted by this Plan The Plan of Management will allow and facilitate of Management on land categorized as a the following development which would be sportsground as they are consistent with the ancillary to the use of the reserves as a recreation purpose of the reserves. area a) Recreation areas that enable the following Development for the purpose of conducting and facilitating organised sport (both amateur Active and passive recreational and and professional), for example: sporting activities compatible with the Change room/locker area nature of the particular land and any Shower/toilet facilities relevant facilities; Car parking and loading areas Organised and unstructured Ancillary areas (staff rooms, meeting rooms, ii. recreation activities; recording rooms, equipment storage areas) Shade structures iii. Community events and gatherings; and Storage ancillary to recreational uses, Commercial uses associated with iv. community events or gatherings, and public sports facilities meetings

Environmental protection works including returfing and erosion control measures and landscaping commensurate to the reserve.

- Facilities for sports specific training, e.g.
   cricket nets, football posts, netball hoops etc)
- Provision of amenities to facilitate use and enjoyment of the community land including seating, change rooms, toilets, storage, first aid areas
- Café/kiosk facilities and uses
- Equipment sales/hire areas
- Compatible, small scale commercial uses, e.g. sports tuition
- Advertising structures and signage (such as Aframes and banners) that relate to approved uses/activities; are discreet and temporary, and are approved by the council
- Water saving initiatives such as stormwater harvesting, rain gardens and swales.
- Energy saving initiatives such as solar lights and solar panels
- Locational, directional and regulatory signage

### 8.4 Leases, licences and other estates

Under section 46(1)(b) of the LG Act, leases, licences and other estates formalise the use of community land. A lease, licence or other estate may be granted to organisations and persons, community groups, sports clubs and associations, non-government organisations, charities, community welfare services, non-profit organisations and government authorities.

The lease or licence must be for uses consistent with the reserve purpose(s), the assigned categorisation and zoning of the land, be in the best interests of the community as a whole, and enable, wherever possible, shared use of community land.

Any lease or licence proposal will be individually assessed and considered, including the community benefit, compatibility with this PoM and the capacity of the community land itself and the local area to support the activity.

A lease is normally issued where exclusive control of all or part of an area by a user is proposed. In all other instances a licence or short-term licence or hire agreement will be issued.

The terms of the authorisation for a lease licence or other estate should include Native Title assessment and validation under the Native Title Act 1993 and should include advice that the land is not subject to a claim under the Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983. The authorisation should ensure the proper management and maintenance of the land and the interests of Council and the public are protected. A lease is normally issued where exclusive control of all or part of an area by a user is proposed. In all other instances a licence or short term licence or hire agreement will be issued.

The Plan of Management for the Jerilderie Sports Centre expressly authorises the issue of leases, licences and other estates over the land covered by the plan of management provided that:

- the purpose is consistent with the purpose for which the land was dedicated or reserved
- the purpose is consistent with the core objectives for the category of the land
- the lease, licence or other estate is for a permitted purpose listed in the Local Government Act 1993 or the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021
- the issue of the lease, licence or other estate and the provisions of the lease, licence or other estate can be validated or allowed by the provisions of the Native Title Act 1993 (Cth)
- where the land is subject to a claim under the Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983 the issue of any lease, licence or other estate will not prevent the land from being transferred in the event the claim is granted
- the lease, licence or other estate is granted and notified in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 or the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021
- the issue of the lease, licence or other estate will not materially harm the use of the land for any of the purposes for which it was dedicated or reserved.
- the lease, licence or other estate is granted and notified in accordance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 or the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021
- the issue of the lease, licence or other estate will not materially harm the use of the land for any of the purposes for which it was dedicated or reserved.

Short-term licences and bookings may be used to allow the council to program different uses of community land at different times, allowing the best overall use.

Fees for short-term casual bookings will be charged in accordance with the council's adopted fees and charges at the time.

This plan of management expressly authorises Murrumbidgee Council to issue short-term licences (for up to 12 months) under s2.20 of the Crown Land Management Act 2016 for the prescribed purposes listed in Clause 31 of the Crown Land Management Regulation 2018. Short-term licences granted under s2.20 of the CLM Act are authorised for the following prescribed purposes:

- access through a reserve
- catering, including food vending vehicles, (if it is associated with a sporting or organized recreational activity)
- emergency occupation
- entertainment (if it is associated with a sporting or organized recreational activity)
- environmental protection, conservation or restoration or environmental studies,
- functions (if it is associated with a sporting or organized recreational activity, eg: end-of-season presentations)
- sporting and organised recreational activities,
- storage facilities for sporting equipment and the like.

Table 9 - Leases, licences and other estates and purposes for which they may be granted for community land categorised as Sportsground

Type of tenure arrangement	Maximum term	Purpose for which tenure may be granted
Lease	10 years*	<ul> <li>café/kiosk/club house areas, including seating and tables</li> <li>management of court facilities</li> <li>hire or sale of recreational equipment</li> </ul>
Licence	10 years*	<ul> <li>café/kiosk/club house areas, including seating and tables</li> <li>management of court or similar facilities</li> <li>hire or sale of recreational equipment</li> </ul>
Short-term licence	12 months	<ul> <li>sporting fixtures and events</li> <li>sports and fitness training and classes</li> <li>broadcasting or filming of sporting fixtures</li> <li>ancillary ceremonies (for example, rehearsal of opening and closing ceremonies, cheer squads, etc.)</li> <li>uses reasonably associated with the promotion or enhancement of sporting groups, fixtures and events (for example, 'guest' events for juniors; gala days; club meetings)</li> <li>food vending vehicles associated with sporting fixtures.</li> </ul>
Other estates		This PoM allows the council to grant 'an estate' over community land for the provision of public utilities and works associated with or ancillary to public utilities and provision of

Type of tenure arrangement	Maximum term	Purpose for which tenure may be granted		
		services, or connections for premises		
		adjoining the community land to a facility of		
		the council or public utility provider on the		
		community land in accordance with the LG		
		Act.		

Areas held under lease, licence or regular occupancy shall be maintained by the user. The user will be responsible for maintenance and outgoings as defined in the lease or licence or agreement for use.

Presently there are no leases, licenses or other dealings in place.

## 9. Administration of Plan and Performance Targets

Section 36(3) of the LG Act requires, as a minimum, for all plans of management, include the following:

- a) category of the land
- b) objectives and performance targets of the plan with respect to the land
- c) means by which the council proposes to achieve the plan's objectives and performance targets
- d) manner in which the council proposes to assess its performance with respect to the plan's objectives and performance targets.

The land has been categorised partly as a sportsground.

Table 8 identifies the management issues; objectives and performance targets; the means in which Council will achieve the stated objectives and the manner in how the performance target is assessed.

Table 8 - Objectives and performance targets

Management	s.36(3)(b)	s.36(3)(c)	s.36(3)(d)
Issues	Objectives and	Means of achievement	Manner of assessment
	Performance Targets	of objectives	of performance
Access	Provide defined paths for	Appropriate design and	Assess useability of The
	pedestrian access,	construction for	Jerilderie Sports Centre
	including where practical	pavements, facilities and	by wheelchair users
	assess and facilities for	other structures to	

Management	s.36(3)(b)	s.36(3)(c)	s.36(3)(d)
Issues	Objectives and	Means of achievement	Manner of assessment
	Performance Targets	of objectives	of performance
	people with disabilities,	comply with relevant	through surveys and
	to and within reserve.	Australian Standards.	observation.
		Provision of shared	Record and review all
		facility where safe and	accidents and near
		appropriate, including	misses as a result of
		the segregation of	inappropriate use.
		cyclists and pedestrians	
		where appropriate.	
		Use of regulatory signs.	
Alcohol	Implement controls to	Use of regulatory signs	Record all complaints
	prohibit the consumption	and enforcement.	and investigations and
	and/or possession of		where necessary take
	alcohol, except within		appropriate regulatory
	designated or leased		action.
	areas.		
Animal control	Impound all animals that	Community education	•
	are not under the full	and involvement in	about loose dogs,
	control of owner or	monitoring.	attacks and animal
	handler.		waste, and where
		Use of regulatory signs	required take regulatory
		and enforcement.	action.
Anti-Social	Miniming and manage	Engourage accession	Doord the number of
behaviour	Minimise and manage anti-social behaviour in	Encourage community involvement and	Record the number of complaints received and
Deliavioui	the sportsground.	involvement and surveillance.	undertake investigations,
	ine sportsyround.	Sui veillai lee.	and where necessary
		Implement community	take appropriate
		health measures.	regulatory action.
		nealui incasules.	regulatory action.

Management	s.36(3)(b)	s.36(3)(c)	s.36(3)(d)
Issues	Objectives and	Means of achievement	Manner of assessment
	Performance Targets	of objectives	of performance
Buildings	Allow safe, clean,	Appropriate design and lighting of common areas.  Undertake regular	, , ,
	convenient and hygienic public amenity facilities for persons of all abilities. Allow new buildings, that are consistent with or ancillary to the reserve purpose of public recreation and use of the sportsground, are to complement to the design of the existing structures within The Jerilderie Sports Centre	(Transport & Infrastructure) 2021, where Council is to carry out the works.  Assess and determine any development application in accordance with the	amenities in accordance with any operational plan for upkeep of all parks and recreational facilities within the local government area.  Record all incidents of accidents and near misses as a result of damage or wear and tear
		provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act, 1979.	

Allow watering systems to optimise water usage, minimise maintenance and enable appropriate vegetative growth.  Allow use of suitable species and use of landscape materials, including multiple and identify and performance  Means of achievement of performance  Manner of assessment of operformance  Number of incidents of failure of the irrigation system.  Number of the irrigation system.  Number of comments about public acceptance and level of sporting identify and ident
Allow watering systems to optimise water usage, minimise maintenance and enable appropriate vegetative growth.  Allow use of suitable species and use of landscape materials, indigenous planting and level of sporting
to optimise water usage, minimise maintenance and enable appropriate vegetative growth.  Allow use of suitable species and use of landscape materials, indigenous planting and
to optimise water usage, minimise maintenance and enable appropriate vegetative growth.  Allow use of suitable species and use of landscape materials, indigenous planting and
minimise maintenance and enable appropriate vegetative growth.  Allow use of suitable species and use of landscape materials, indigenous planting and level of sporting
and enable appropriate vegetative growth.  Allow use of suitable use shade trees for user species and use of landscape materials, indigenous planting and level of sporting
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landscape materials, indigenous planting and and level of sporting
lipolyding mylobing and lidoptify aposics andomic lycoge
including mulching and identify species endemic usage.
edge treatments, to to the area. Number of comments
achieve the desired Application of correct about maintenance,
landscape character and horticultural techniques durability and public
complement the for the maintenance of acceptance of the
character of existing the cricket pitch and landscape character.
plantings. other grassed playing
Allow minor earthworks surfaces
to provide mounding for
aesthetic appeal, space
definition and visual barriers.
Maintain playing
surfaces to a standard
providing safety for the
people using the
sportsground.
ighting Allow flooding lighting Set appropriate Number of comments
which will enable safe illumination levels. from adjoining residents
training and playing Design, site and install and Park users.
areas during the evening light facilities.
and at night.

Management	s.36(3)(b)	s.36(3)(c)	s.36(3)(d)
Issues	Objectives and	Means of achievement	Manner of assessment
	Performance Targets	of objectives	of performance
	Prevent excessive		Number of problems
	lighting impacts on		related to inadequate
	adjoining land uses.		lighting.
Outdoor Furniture	Allow for the provision of	Complement and be	Number of comments
	adequate furniture, such	consistent with the	about acceptance by the
	as bubblers, tables,	theme for surrounding	community with regard to
	seats, bins, bollards,	Public Open Space	the suitability of the
	cycle racks, tree guards	Areas.	location and the style.
	and planter tubs, etc at	Appropriate design,	Number of incidents of
	suitable locations.	siting, use of materials	non- compliance with
	Create a comfortable	and erection of furniture.	relevant Council Codes,
	setting for users both		Policies and
	aesthetically and		Regulations.
	functionally.		
Refreshment	Allow the licensing or	Council approval.	Managing and reporting
kiosks (mobile	leasing of kiosks or food	Licensing/Leasing	incidence of non-
and fixed)	& drink premises as	Agreement.	compliance with terms of
	approved by Council.	Lease or license holders	Council approval, license
	Permissible on area	take precedence over	
	defined in lease or	casual street vendors.	Number of licences
	licence agreement.	Casual street vendors	issued.
	Control and regulate the	are only to be permitted	Number of public
	entry of casual vendors	to operate from the site	comments about
	(eg: ice-cream carts)	with the permission of	vendors in public places.
	within The Jerilderie	the local sporting club or	Number of reported
	Sports Centre so that	by their invitation.	illegal or unauthorised
	they do not conflict with		entries.
	canteen operations of		Number of licences
	the sporting clubs and		granted per annum.

Shade structures  Objectives and Performance Targets of objectives of performance  their fund raising abilities.  Appropriate control measures. Council approval.  Enter into appropriate licensing/leasing agreements.  Shade structures  Allow structures which Appropriate design, Number of comments and other shelters  will provide shade and location and erection of about the effectiveness
their fund raising abilities.  Appropriate control measures. Council approval.  Enter into appropriate licensing/leasing agreements.  Shade structures Allow structures which Appropriate design, Number of comments
abilities.  Appropriate control measures. Council approval.  Enter into appropriate licensing/leasing agreements.  Shade structures Allow structures which Appropriate design, Number of comments
Appropriate control measures. Council approval. Enter into appropriate licensing/leasing agreements.  Shade structures Allow structures which Appropriate design, Number of comments
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licensing/leasing agreements.  Shade structures Allow structures which Appropriate design, Number of comments
agreements.  Shade structures Allow structures which Appropriate design, Number of comments
Shade structures Allow structures which Appropriate design, Number of comments
and other shelters will provide shade and location and erection of about the effectiveness
shelter for park users in structures. of the structures in all
appropriate areas weather conditions.
Allow integration of Number of community
structures that are responses to
harmonious, functional appearance of the
and aesthetically in structures.
keeping with the Number of structures
character of the park erected.
Signage Allow suitable Appropriate design and Number of user
information, regulatory, siting of signage in comments.
identification, interpretive accordance with the Number of ordinance
and directional signage relevant DCP for investigations and
relating to the Park. Advertising, Structures & prosecutions.
Regulate advertising Signs.
signage. Council approval.
Site Utility Allow for the installation Approval by the All facilities are
Services of all services as appropriate Statutory adequately serviced,
required by site usage. Authorities. identified and located.

Management	s.36(3)(b)	s.36(3)(c)	s.36(3)(d)
Issues	Objectives and	Means of achievement	Manner of assessment
	Performance Targets	of objectives	of performance
	Terrormance rangets	Construction and installation of all necessary services.  Registration of appropriate easements.	Number of objections received from service authorities about the location and quality of services.  Number of site utility service installations
Special Events	Allow special events	Council approval as	constructed.  Number of comments
	within the Jerilderie	required under	about special events.
	Sports Centre with	Environmental Planning	Attendance levels at
	minimal adverse visual,	& Assessment Act, 1979	special events.
	physical, social and	and/or Local	
	environmental impact.	Government Act, 1993	
Waste	Minimise litter within the	Provide and service	Number of garbage and
Management	Jerilderie Sports Centre.	enough waste	recycling bins provided.
a.goo.n	Encourage recycling.	management facilities in strategic locations.  Provide a recycling station for glass, aluminium, PET plastics etc.  Community education.	Number of comments in relation to inadequate

## **APPENDICIES**

## **APPENDIX A - Definitions**

Term	Legislative definition	
community land	means –	
	land that is classified as community land under Division 1 of Part 2 of	
	Chapter 6. (Local Government Act, 1993)	
community	means –	
participation plan		
	a community participation plan prepared and published under Division 2.6.	
	(Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979)	
environmental		
planning instrument	means –	
	an environmental planning instrument (including a SEPP or LEP but not	
	including a DCP) made, or taken to have been made, under Part 3 and in	
	force. (Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979)	
	Note. SEPP is an acronym for State Environmental Planning Policy, a LEP	
	is a Local Environmental Plan, and a DCP is a Development Control Plan.	
plan of management	means –	
	a plan of management adopted by a council under Division 2 of Part 2 of	
	Chapter 6 and in force in relation to an area of public land. (Local	
	Government Act, 1993)	

#### public reserve

means -

a public park, or

any land conveyed or transferred to the council under section 340A of the Local Government Act 1919, or

any land dedicated or taken to be dedicated as a public reserve under section 340C or 340D of the Local Government Act 1919, or any land dedicated or taken to be dedicated under section 49 or 50, or any land vested in the council, and declared to be a public reserve, under section 37AAA of the Crown Lands Consolidation Act 1913, or any land vested in the council, and declared to be a public reserve, under section 76 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, or

Crown managed land that is dedicated or reserved—

for public recreation or for a public cemetery, or

for a purpose that is declared to be a purpose that falls within the scope of this definition by means of an order published in the Gazette by the Minister administering the Crown Land Management Act 2016,

being Crown managed land in respect of which a council has been appointed as its Crown land manager under that Act or for which no Crown land manager has been appointed, or

- (h) land declared to be a public reserve and placed under the control of a council under section 52 of the State Roads Act 1986, or
- (i) land dedicated as a public reserve and placed under the control of a council under section 159 of the Roads Act 1993,

and includes a public reserve of which a council has the control under section 344 of the Local Government Act 1919 or section 48, but does not include a common.

#### recreation area

means a place used for outdoor recreation that is normally open to the public, and includes –

- (a) a children's playground, or
- (b) an area used for community sporting activities, or
- (c) a public park, reserve or garden or the like,

and any ancillary buildings but does not include a recreation facility (indoor), recreation facility (major) or recreation facility (outdoor).

recreation (indoor) facility

means a building or place used predominantly for indoor recreation, whether or not operated for the purposes of gain, including a squash court, indoor swimming pool, gymnasium, table tennis centre, health studio, bowling alley, ice rink or any other building or place of a like character used for indoor recreation, but does not include an entertainment facility, a recreation facility (major) or a registered club.

recreation

facility

(major)

means a building or place used for large-scale sporting or recreation activities that are attended by large numbers of people whether regularly or periodically, and includes theme parks, sports stadiums, showgrounds, racecourses and motor racing tracks.

recreation facility

means a building or place (other than a recreation area) used predominantly for outdoor recreation, whether or not operated for the purposes of gain, including a golf course, golf driving range, mini-golf centre, tennis court, paint-ball centre, lawn bowling green, outdoor swimming pool, equestrian centre, skate board ramp, go-kart track, rifle range, water-ski centre or any other building or place of a like character used for outdoor recreation (including any ancillary buildings), but does not include an entertainment facility or a recreation facility (major).

recreation facility means a building or place (other than a recreation area) used (outdoor) predominantly for outdoor recreation, whether or not operated for the purposes of gain, including a golf course, golf driving range, mini-golf centre, tennis court, paint-ball centre, lawn bowling green, outdoor swimming pool, equestrian centre, skate board ramp, go-kart track, rifle range, water-ski centre or any other building or place of a like character used for outdoor recreation (including any ancillary buildings), but does not include an entertainment facility or a recreation facility (major).

## APPENDIX B - Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System Search Extracts



# AHIMS Web Services (AWS) Search Result

Purchase Order/Reference: 20-C01-MC JSC 192

Client Service ID: 589241

PARISPLAN URP

Date: 07 May 2021

63 Hillam Dr

Griffith New South Wales 2680

Attention: Steven Parisotto

Email: admin@parisplan.com.au

Dear Sir or Madam:

AHIMS Web Service search for the following area at Lot: 192, DP:DP756426 with a Buffer of 50 meters, conducted by Steven Parisotto on 07 May 2021.

The context area of your search is shown in the map below. Please note that the map does not accurately display the exact boundaries of the search as defined in the paragraph above. The map is to be used for general reference purposes only.



A search of the Office of the Environment and Heritage AHIMS Web Services (Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System) has shown that:

- O Aboriginal sites are recorded in or near the above location.
- 0 Aboriginal places have been declared in or near the above location. \*



# AHIMS Web Services (AWS) Search Result

Purchase Order/Reference: 20-C01-MC JSC 202

Client Service ID: 589243

Date: 07 May 2021

PARISPLAN URP

63 Hillam Dr

Griffith New South Wales 2680

Attention: Steven Parisotto

Email: admin@parisplan.com.au

Dear Sir or Madam:

AHIMS Web Service search for the following area at Lot: 202, DP:DP756426 with a Buffer of 50 meters, conducted by Steven Parisotto on 07 May 2021.

The context area of your search is shown in the map below. Please note that the map does not accurately display the exact boundaries of the search as defined in the paragraph above. The map is to be used for general reference purposes only.



A search of the Office of the Environment and Heritage AHIMS Web Services (Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System) has shown that:

0 Aboriginal sites are recorded in or near the above location.

O Aboriginal places have been declared in or near the above location. \*



# AHIMS Web Services (AWS) Search Result

Purchase Order/Reference : 20-C01-MC JSC 7036

Client Service ID: 589245

Date: 07 May 2021

PARISPLAN URP

63 Hillam Dr

Griffith New South Wales 2680

Attention: Steven Parisotto

Email: admin@parisplan.com.au

Dear Sir or Madam:

AHIMS Web Service search for the following area at Lot: 7036, DP:DP1087007 with a Buffer of 50 meters, conducted by Steven Parisotto on 07 May 2021.

The context area of your search is shown in the map below. Please note that the map does not accurately display the exact boundaries of the search as defined in the paragraph above. The map is to be used for general reference purposes only.



A search of the Office of the Environment and Heritage AHIMS Web Services (Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System) has shown that:

0 Aboriginal sites are recorded in or near the above location.

O Aboriginal places have been declared in or near the above location. \*

#### If your search shows Aboriginal sites or places what should you do?

- You must do an extensive search if AHIMS has shown that there are Aboriginal sites or places recorded in the search area.
- If you are checking AHIMS as a part of your due diligence, refer to the next steps of the Due Diligence Code of practice.
- You can get further information about Aboriginal places by looking at the gazettal notice that declared it.

  Aboriginal places gazetted after 2001 are available on the NSW Government Gazette

  (http://www.nsw.gov.au/gazette) website. Gazettal notices published prior to 2001 can be obtained from

  Office of Environment and Heritage's Aboriginal Heritage Information Unit upon request

#### Important information about your AHIMS search

- The information derived from the AHIMS search is only to be used for the purpose for which it was requested.
   It is not be made available to the public.
- AHIMS records information about Aboriginal sites that have been provided to Office of Environment and Heritage and Aboriginal places that have been declared by the Minister;
- Information recorded on AHIMS may vary in its accuracy and may not be up to date. Location details are
  recorded as grid references and it is important to note that there may be errors or omissions in these
  recordings,
- Some parts of New South Wales have not been investigated in detail and there may be fewer records of Aboriginal sites in those areas. These areas may contain Aboriginal sites which are not recorded on AHIMS.
- Aboriginal objects are protected under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 even if they are not recorded
  as a site on AHIMS.
- This search can form part of your due diligence and remains valid for 12 months.